# Introduction

The digital revolution is rapidly changing many industries. In many cases, it is associated with significant increases in productivity and benefits. Many industries have embraced the revolution, among them the healthcare industry. In the United States, the *Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (HITECH)* established the societal vision for the American healthcare industry. The *Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPPA)* is also among the most stringent rules surrounding technology standards and information security. Additionally, the *Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)* provides payments to hospitals and other healthcare providers for demonstrating the efficient use of Electronic Health Record (EHR) systems.

However, despite the benefits, information technology does not come cheap. Like all infrastructure investments, information technology infrastructure comes with a large capital cost for setup. Furthermore, adopting information technology may come with a high operating cost price tag as well. Organizations may need to increase the number of employees to maintain the additional infrastructure overhead. Additionally,

For these reasons, government support is often crucial for organizations to take the risks and modernize their infrastructure.

# Literature Review

# Methodology

# Results

# Conclusion

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